§ 303.14

- (10) Social workers.
- (11) Special educators, including teachers of children with hearing impairments (including deafness) and teachers of children with visual impairments (including blindness).
- (12) Speech and language pathologists.
- (13) Vision specialists, including ophthalmologists and optometrists.
- (d) Other services. The services and personnel identified and defined in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section do not comprise exhaustive lists of the types of services that may constitute early intervention services or the types of qualified personnel that may provide early intervention services. Nothing in this section prohibits the identification in the IFSP of another type of service as an early intervention service provided that the service meets the criteria identified in paragraph (a) of this section or of another type of personnel that may provide early intervention services in accordance with this part. provided such personnel meet the requirements in §303.31.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1432(4))

§ 303.14 Elementary school.

Elementary school means a nonprofit institutional day or residential school, including a public elementary charter school, that provides elementary education, as determined under State law.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1401(6))

§ 303.15 Free appropriate public education.

Free appropriate public education or FAPE, as used in §§ 303.211, 303.501, and 303.521, means special education and related services that—

- (a) Are provided at public expense, under public supervision and direction, and without charge;
- (b) Meet the standards of the State educational agency (SEA), including the requirements of part B of the Act;
- (c) Include an appropriate preschool, elementary school, or secondary school education in the State involved; and
- (d) Are provided in conformity with an individualized education program (IEP) that meets the requirements of 34 CFR 300.320 through 300.324.

 $(Authority \hbox{: } 20 \hbox{ U.S.C. } 1401(9))$

§ 303.16 Health services.

- (a) Health services mean services necessary to enable an otherwise eligible child to benefit from the other early intervention services under this part during the time that the child is eligible to receive early intervention services.
 - (b) The term includes—
- (1) Such services as clean intermittent catheterization, tracheostomy care, tube feeding, the changing of dressings or colostomy collection bags, and other health services; and
- (2) Consultation by physicians with other service providers concerning the special health care needs of infants and toddlers with disabilities that will need to be addressed in the course of providing other early intervention services
 - (c) The term does not include—
 - (1) Services that are—
- (i) Surgical in nature (such as cleft palate surgery, surgery for club foot, or the shunting of hydrocephalus);
- (ii) Purely medical in nature (such as hospitalization for management of congenital heart ailments, or the prescribing of medicine or drugs for any purpose); or
- (iii) Related to the implementation, optimization (e.g., mapping), maintenance, or replacement of a medical device that is surgically implanted, including a cochlear implant.
- (A) Nothing in this part limits the right of an infant or toddler with a disability with a surgically implanted device (e.g., cochlear implant) to receive the early intervention services that are identified in the child's IFSP as being needed to meet the child's developmental outcomes.
- (B) Nothing in this part prevents the EIS provider from routinely checking that either the hearing aid or the external components of a surgically implanted device (e.g., cochlear implant) of an infant or toddler with a disability are functioning properly;
- (2) Devices (such as heart monitors, respirators and oxygen, and gastro-intestinal feeding tubes and pumps) necessary to control or treat a medical condition; and
- (3) Medical-health services (such as immunizations and regular "well-

baby" care) that are routinely recommended for all children.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1432(4))

§ 303.17 Homeless children.

Homeless children means children who meet the definition given the term homeless children and youths in section 725 (42 U.S.C. 11434a) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 11431 et seq.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1401(11))

§303.18 Include; including.

Include or including means that the items named are not all of the possible items that are covered, whether like or unlike the ones named.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3)

§ 303.19 Indian; Indian tribe.

- (a) *Indian* means an individual who is a member of an Indian tribe.
- (b) Indian tribe means any Federal or State Indian tribe, band, rancheria, pueblo, colony, or community, including any Alaska Native village or regional village corporation (as defined in or established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, 43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).
- (c) Nothing in this definition is intended to indicate that the Secretary of the Interior is required to provide services or funding to a State Indian Tribe that is not listed in the Federal Register list of Indian entities recognized as eligible to receive services from the United States, published pursuant to section 104 of the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994, 25 U.S.C. 479a-1.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1401(12)–(13))

$\S 303.20$ Individualized family service plan.

Individualized family service plan or IFSP means a written plan for providing early intervention services to an infant or toddler with a disability under this part and the infant's or toddler's family that—

- (a) Is based on the evaluation and assessment described in §303.321;
- (b) Includes the content specified in \$303.344:

- (c) Is implemented as soon as possible once parental consent for the early intervention services in the IFSP is obtained (consistent with §303.420); and
- (d) Is developed in accordance with the IFSP procedures in §§303.342, 303.343, and 303.345.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1401(15), 1435(a)(4), 1436)

§ 303.21 Infant or toddler with a disability.

- (a) Infant or toddler with a disability means an individual under three years of age who needs early intervention services because the individual—
- (1) Is experiencing a developmental delay, as measured by appropriate diagnostic instruments and procedures, in one or more of the following areas:
- (i) Cognitive development.
- (ii) Physical development, including vision and hearing.
 - (iii) Communication development.
 - (iv) Social or emotional development.
- (v) Adaptive development; or
- (2) Has a diagnosed physical or mental condition that— $\,$
- (i) Has a high probability of resulting in developmental delay; and
- (ii) Includes conditions such as chromosomal abnormalities; genetic or congenital disorders; sensory impairments; inborn errors of metabolism; disorders reflecting disturbance of the development of the nervous system; congenital infections; severe attachment disorders; and disorders secondary to exposure to toxic substances, including fetal alcohol syndrome.
- (b) Infant or toddler with a disability may include, at a State's discretion, an at-risk infant or toddler (as defined in §303.5).
- (c) Infant or toddler with a disability may include, at a State's discretion, a child with a disability who is eligible for services under section 619 of the Act and who previously received services under this part until the child enters, or is eligible under State law to enter, kindergarten or elementary school, as appropriate, provided that any programs under this part must include—
- (1) An educational component that promotes school readiness and incorporates pre-literacy, language, and numeracy skills for children ages three